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are obtained from a skin cell.





## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1	A method for detecting whether a tissue is undergoing senescence,		
2	1.			
2	said method comprising the step of detecting the overexpression or the underexpression			
3	of a senescence-associated molecule of interest according to Table 1 in a subject, wherein			
4	overexpression or underexpression of said molecule is indicative of senescence.			
1	2.	The method of claim 1, wherein overexpression of said molecule is		
2		nce, and wherein said molecule is overexpressed in said tissue.		
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1	3.	The method of claim 1, wherein underexpression of said molecule		
2	is indicative of senes	cence, and wherein said molecule is underexpressed in said tissue.		
1	4.	The method of claim 1, said method comprising detecting an		
2	mRNA encoding said	d senescence-associated molecule.		
1	5.	The method of claim 1, said method comprising detecting said		
2		d molecule in an immunoassay.		
2	Soliosocitoe associate	a morecure in air minianeassay.		
1	6.	The method of claim 1, wherein said tissue of interest is the skin.		
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1	7.	A method for identifying a modulator of senescence, said method		
2	comprising the steps of:			
3	(a) cu	lturing a cell in the presence of said modulator to form a first cell		
4	culture;			
5	(b) contacting RNA or cDNA from said first cell culture with a probe			
6	which comprises a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a senescence-associated protein			
7	selected from the group consisting of the sequences set forth in Table 1;			
8	(c) determining whether the amount of said probe which hybridizes to the			
9	RNA or cDNA from said first cell culture is increased or decreased relative to the amount			
10	of the probe which hybridizes to RNA or cDNA from a second cell culture grown in the			
11	absence of said modulator; and			
12	(c) detecting the presence or absence of an increased proliferative potential			
13	in said first cell culture relative to said second cell culture.			
1	8.	The method of claim 7, wherein said first and second cell cultures		





1	6	9.	A method for identifying a modulator of a young cell, said method	
2	comprising	the steps	s of:	
3		(a) cı	ulturing the cell in the presence of the modulator to form a first cell	
4	culture;			
5		(b) c	ontacting RNA from the first cell culture with a probe which	
6	comprises a	polynuo	eleotide sequence associated with senescence, wherein the sequence is	
7	selected from	cted from the group consisting of sequences set out in Table 1;		
8		(c) d	etermining whether the amount of said probe which hybridizes to the	
9	RNA from said first cell culture is increased or decrease relative to the amount of said			
10	probe which hybridizes to RNA from a second cell culture grown in the absence of said			
11	modulator;	and,		
12		(d) d	etecting the presence of an increased proliferative potential in the first	
13	cell culture relative to the second cell culture.			
1		10	The weether described and several conditions	
1	1	10.	The method of claim 9, wherein said first and second cell cultures	
2	are obtained	i irom a	skin cell.	
1		11.	A method for inhibiting cell senescence, said method comprising	
2	the step of i	ntroduci	ng into a cell a senescence-associated molecule according to Table 1,	
3	wherein underexpression of said senescence-associated molecule is indicative of			
4	senescence.			
,		10		
1		12.	The method of claim 11, wherein said senescence-associated	
2	molecule is	a nuclei	c acid encoding a senescence-associated protein.	
1		13.	The method of claim 11, wherein said senescence-associated	
2	molecule is	a protei	n.	
1 1		14.	A method for inhibiting cell senescence, said method comprising	
2	the step of inhibiting in a cell a senescence-associated molecule according to Table 1,			
3	wherein overexpression of said senescence-associated molecule is indicative of			
4	senescence.			
1		15.	The method of claim 14, wherein said senescence-associated	

molecule is inhibited using an antisense polynucleotide.

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1 16. The method of claim 14, wherein said senescence-associated 2 molecule is inhibited using an antibody that specifically binds to the senescence-3 associated protein. 17. A method for inhibiting cell senescence in a patient in need thereof, 2 said method comprising the step of administering to the patient a compound that modulates the senescence of a cell. 3 18. A kit for detecting whether a skin cell is undergoing senescence, 2 said kit comprising: 3 (a) a probe which comprises a polynucleotide sequence according to Table 4 1, associated with skin aging; and 5 (b) a label for detecting the presence of said probe. 19. A cosmetic composition for inhibiting skin cell aging in a patient, said cosmetic composition comprising a compound that modulates the senescence of a 2 3 cel1 The cosmetic composition of claim 19, wherein said composition is 20. 1 in a form selected from the group consisting of gels, ointments, creams, emollients, 2

lotions, powders, solutions, suspensions, sprays, pastes, oils, and foams.

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